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Report from Matanzas—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Yellow fever at Jovellanos.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Nuñez reports, September 16:

Week ended September 14, 1907. Three bills of health were issued to vessels bound for United States ports; 4 health and acclimation certificates were granted to passengers going to the United States by way of Habana; and 1 vessel was fumigated. The vessel fumigated was the Norwegian steamship *Ole Bull*, bound for Mobile.

September 24. One yellow fever ending in death reported to-day at Jovellanos, this province.

Report from Santiago—Inspection of vessels—Fumigation of steamship Saturnina to destroy mosquitoes.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wilson reports, September 12:

Week ended September 7, 1907. Bills of health issued to 4 vessels bound for the United States and its dependencies. The steamship *Saturnina*, bound, in ballast, for Pensacola, was fumigated to kill mosquitoes. No quarantinable disease has been reported.

GERMANY.

Report from Berlin—Cholera in Russia.

The following is received from Consul-General Thackera under date of September 9:

According to the official bulletin issued by the imperial health office at Berlin there were registered in the city of Astrachan during the period from August 22 to 25, inclusive, 213 cases of cholera and 61 deaths. Since the outbreak of the disease the total number of cases amounted to 354, with 123 deaths, in that city. Furthermore, in the Government district of Astrachan there occurred 1 case in the district of Jenotajewsk; in the district of Astrachan 19 cases, and in the Zarew district 3 cases, with 12 deaths. Most of the cases occurred on board ships. In Baku 2 fatal cases of cholera occurred on August 25. Two cases of cholera were reported in Nizhni-Novgorod on August 26 and 2 cases in the village of Jurino on the same date.

The total number of cholera cases in the city of Samara up to August 25 amounted to 202, with 92 deaths. In the village of Melekes 6 cases have occurred, with 2 deaths. In four villages of the district of Nikolajewsk there were registered 12 cases of cholera, with 8 deaths.

According to a telegraphic report dated August 31 a case of cholera occurred in Moscow, the patient having arrived in that city from Saratow.

GUATEMALA.

Report from Livingston—Inspection of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wailes reports as follows: Week ended September 10, 1907. Present officially estimated population, 3,500.

General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, fairly good. No quarantinable disease.

Bill of health issued to the following-named vessel:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Sept. 10	Origen	New Orleans	27	0	0	0

HAWAII.

Reports from Honolulu—Outgoing quarantine transactions.

Acting Chief Quarantine Officer Ramus reports, September 1:

Week ended August 31, 1907.

Vessels inspected and bills of health issued	2
Vessels disinfected and bills of health issued	1
Cabin passengers inspected	1

Examination of rats for plague infection.

Passed Assistant Surgeon Currie reports that during the week ended August 31, 1907, 23 rats were examined bacteriologically at the plague laboratory of the Service at Honolulu. Plague infection was proven in the case of 2 rats from Aiea plantation.

HONDURAS.

Report from Ceiba, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Reynolds reports as follows: Week ended September 8, 1907. Present officially estimated population, 6,500. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
Sept. 2	Colombia	18	0	0	0
2	Viator	17	0	0	0
3	Joseph Vaccaro	31	1	0	0
4	Hispañia	20	0	0	0
7	Bluefields	23	0	0	0
7	Rosina	29	5	0	0